

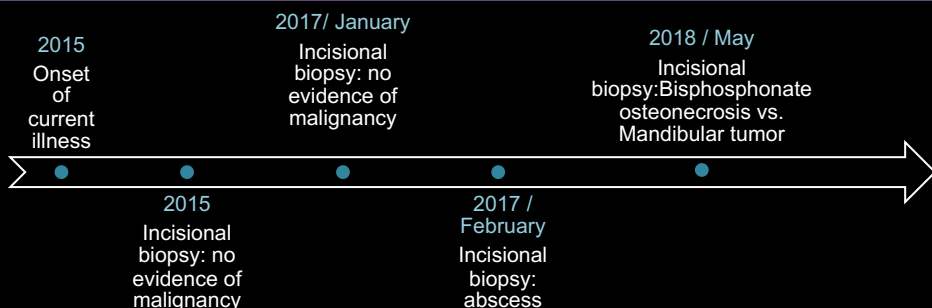
# Importance of a timely diagnosis in oral squamous cell carcinoma. Report of clinical case and review of the literature.

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## Introduction

Oral squamous cell carcinoma (OSCC) is a malignant neoplasm, common between the 5th and 6th decade of life; associated with alcohol intake and smoking. 90% of the various types of cancer of the oral cavity are OSCC, affecting the male gender more. The signs and symptoms are diverse: pain, general malaise and lymphadenopathy; clinically it may appear white, erythematous, mixed and / or ulcerated. Treatment can range from partial or total surgical resection of the affected area, plus the placement of plates, grafts, chemotherapy and radiation therapy. We present a case of a female patient who attends the UNAM Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery clinic with a history of having several biopsies performed in which no conclusive results were found. Reason for which it is decided to take an incisional biopsy in order to define the pathology.

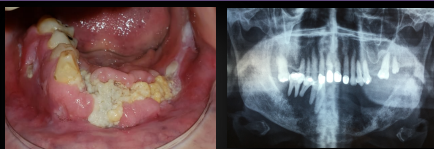
## Timeline



## Objective

Report the relevance of a timely diagnosis in oral cavity cancer

## Preoperative evaluation



- Exposed necrotic bone
- Radiolucent image of poorly defined, diffuse edges

## Results

Well-differentiated oral squamous cell carcinoma.

## Discussion

The patient presented cervical lymphadenopathy.

Initial alteration

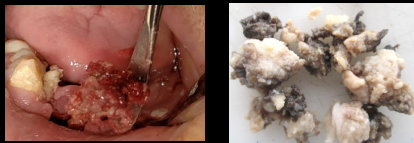
Metastasis

Displasia

In situ Carcinome

Invasive Carcinome

## Incisional biopsy



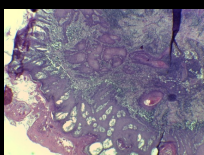
## 1 year postoperative view



## Conclusion

It is necessary to take a biopsy with adequate amounts and in a timely manner, in order to facilitate an early and favorable result.

## Microscopic view



Well differentiated, nests, cords, hyperchromatic nuclei, cellular and nuclear pleomorphism and aberrant mitoses.

## Bibliography

Conflict of interest: The authors declare that they have no conflicts

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